A STUDY ON FEASIBLE MICRO ENTERPRISES IN MISSION FOR ELEMINATION OF POVERTY IN MUNICIPAL AREAS OF TELANGANA

Study Commissioned By Stree Nidhi Credit Cooperative Federation Ltd., Hyderabad



Conducted By Sadhikaratha Foundation Hyderabad

SHG SCENARIO IN TELANGANA

Particulars —	Telangana State			Stree Nidhi			
raniculais —	SERP	MEPMA	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	
Institution building							
 SHGs in lakhs 	4.35	1.46	5.81	4.42	59,291	5.01	
• VOs/SLFs	18,397	4,613	23,010	18,731	1,930	20,661	
• MSs/TLFs	554	107	661	543	37	580	
• ZSs	30		30	30		30	
<u>Credit linkages (Rs. in lakhs)</u>							
 SHGs in lakhs 	3.67	1.41	5.07	2.84	0.29	3.13	
 Loan disbursed 	40,80,272	7,00,601	47,80,873	5,41,546	52,608	5,94,154	
• Loan O/s	8,96,571	1,49,250	8,98,005	2,22,844	20,394	2,43,238	
 Savings* 	90,160	71,766	1,61,926	20,000	291	20,291	

Data source: SERP, MEPMA and Stree Nidhi website



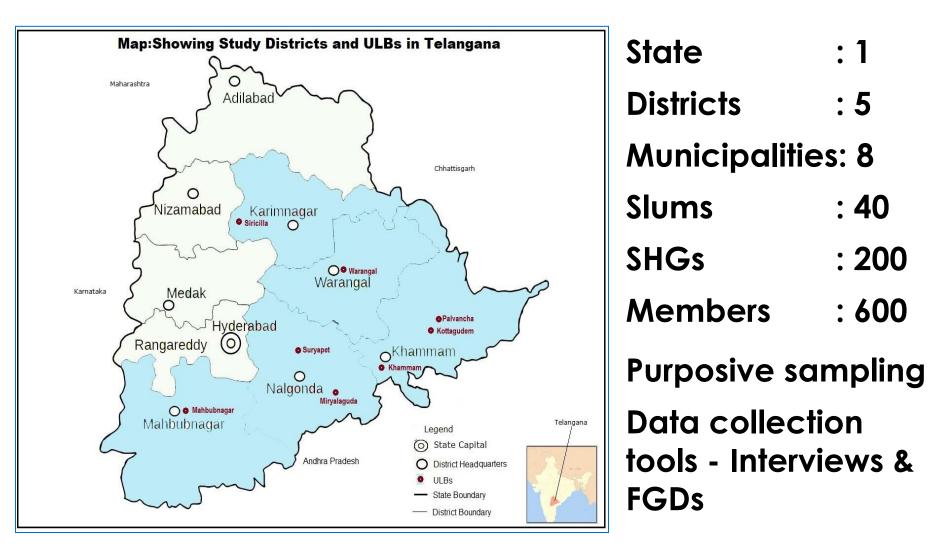
SERP-Society for Elimination of Rural Poverty; MEPMA-Mission for Elimination of Poverty in Municipal Areas; SHG-Self Help Group; VO-Village Organization; SLF-Slum Level Federation; MS-Mandal Samakhya; TLF-Towf Level Federation; ZS-Zilla Samakhya; O/s-Outstanding; * members savings with SHGs and Stree Nidhi

OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

- To map the existing and potential livelihood activities
- To understand the problems in mobilizing financial resources for livelihoods / enterprises by the SHGs
- To understand the processes followed by the financial institutions in financing SHGs for livelihood activities
- To come up with recommendations based on the study findings



SAMPLING DESIGN





ULB-Urban Local Body; SHG-Self Help Group; FGD-Focus Group Discussions; SLFs-Slum Level Federation; TLF-Town Level Federation; FGD-Focus Group Discussions

STUDY TEAM & DATA COLLECTION



Study Team



Stree Nidhi DGM in Study Team Orientation



FGD with Kanaka Durga SLF Kothagudem



FGD with Kanaka Durga SLF Kothagudem

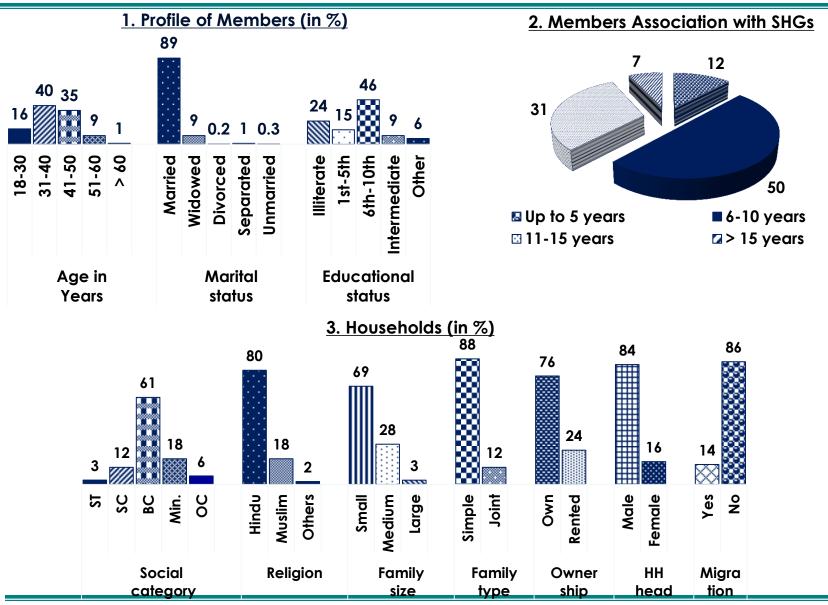


Interaction with Stree Nidhi RP Kanaka Durga SLF, Kothagudem



Interaction with MEPMA Officials Suryapet

PROFILE OF SHG MEMBERS & HOUSEHOLDS



ST-Scheduled Tribes; SC-Scheduled Caste; BC-Backward Classes; Min-Minorities; OC-Other Categories; HH-Household;

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PROFILE OF SELF HELP GROUPS

- Self help groups
 - Average age 10.97 years; average size 10.12 members
 - 98% of the SHGs are in A-grade
 - Majority SHGs are BCs (62%) followed by Minorities (18%),
 SCs (10%), OCs, STs and Mixed categories (2%)
 - About 65% of SHGs reported 1-4 dropouts
- Slum level federations
 - On average there are 32 SHGs and 361members in an SLF
 - About 40% of SHG members accessed Stree Nidhi loans
 - On an average 4.5 members accessed credit in a group
 - Rs. 39.2 lakh average loan per SLF; Rs. 1.21 lakh per SHG; and Rs. 26,904 per member

BC-Backward Classes; Min-Minorities; SC-Scheduled Caste; ST-Scheduled Tribe; OC- Other Castes; SLF-Slum Level Federation

QUALITY OF SHGs CREDIT LINKED TO STREE NIDHI

- Monthly meetings are common (98%); majority SHGs have regular meetings & good member attendance
- Rs.120 is the average savings per month per member; savings with multiple agencies SHGs, SLFs, banks & SN
- Majority SHGs have loan outstanding with Stree Nidhi (94%) banks (88%) and SLFs (62%)
- Major portion of loan is from bank (65%) followed by Stree Nidhi (20%), own funds (8%) and SLFs (7%)
- Repayment is good; defaulting is negligible
- Book keeping and leadership rotation is a concern in older groups

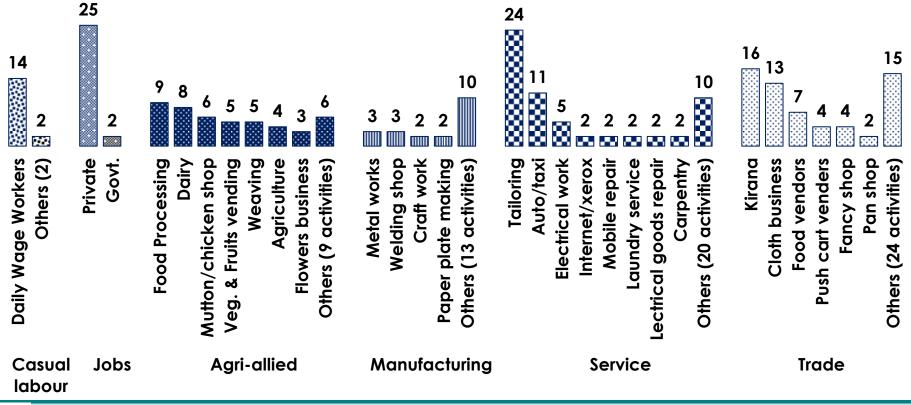
SLF-Slum Level Federation; SN- Stree Nidhi: BK- Book Keeping



MAPPING OF HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES

Total activities-97*: Casual labour-3; Jobs-2; Agri-allied-16; Manufacturing-16; Service activities-28; Trade activities-32

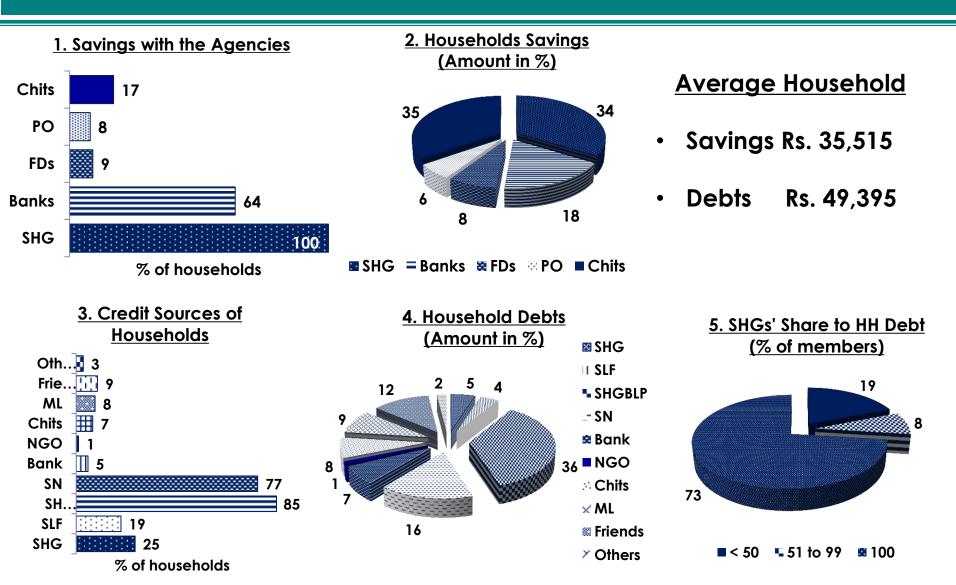
Household Economic Activities (in %)



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* All the household economic activities classified into 6 categories based on the industrial classification of activities adopted by the Govt. of India.

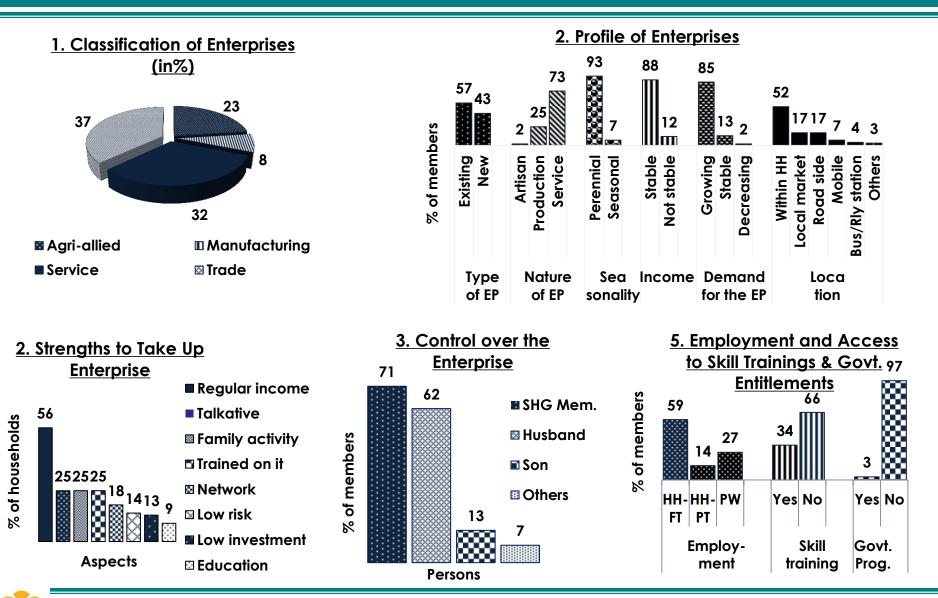
SAVINGS & DEBTS OF HOUSEHOLDS





PO-Post Office; FD-Fixed Deposit; SN-Stree Nidhi; SLF-Slum Level Federation; NGO-Non Government 10 Organization; ML Money Lender; SHGBLP- SHG Bank Linkage Programme; HH-Household

PROFILE OF ENTERPRISES



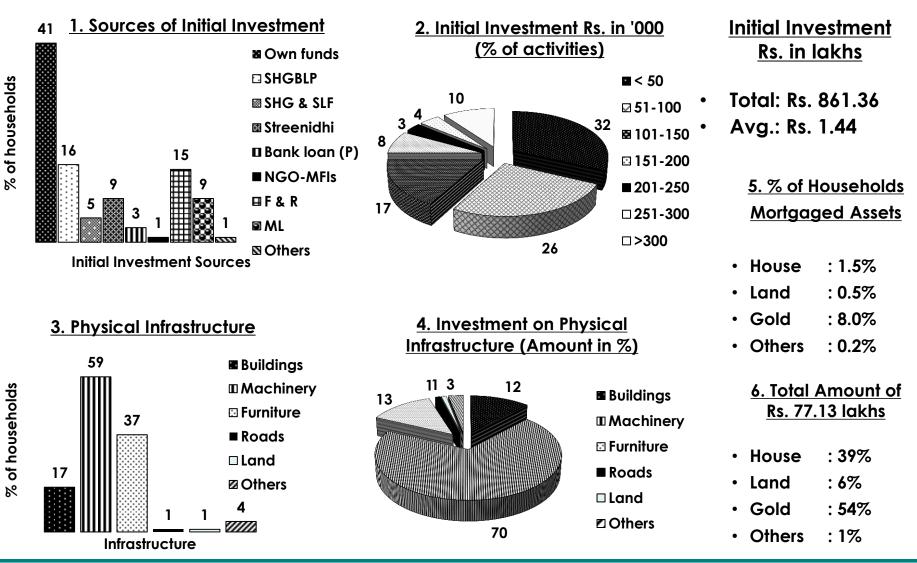
EP-Enterprise; HH-Household; FT-Full Time; PT-Part Time; PW-Paid Worker; Prog.-Programme

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ENTERPRISE ACTIVITIES OF URBAN SHG MEMBERS



INITIAL INVESTMENT & PHYSICAL INFRASTRUCTURE





F & R-Friends & Relatives; ML-Money Lenders; NGO-Non Government Organization; MFI-Microfinance Institutions

DETAILS OF WORKING CAPITAL PER ANNUM*

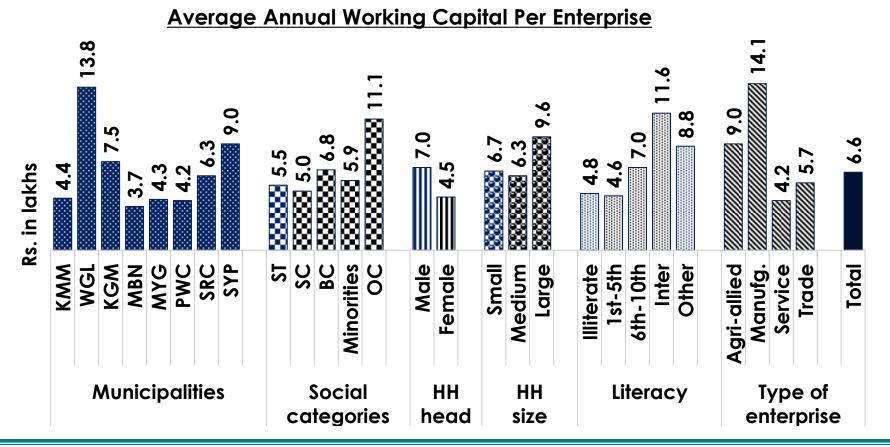
Particulars	house	eholds	Amount		
raniculais	Ν	%	Total **	Average	%
House rent	196	32.7	117.43	59,915	2.84
Electricity	388	64.7	44.06	11,356	1.07
 Material cost 	571	95.2	3,396.14	594,770	<u>82.19</u>
• Labour	185	30.8	293.44	158,618	<u>7.10</u>
 Transportation 	496	82.7	129.72	26,154	<u>3.14</u>
 Telephone charges 	434	72.3	9.37	2,158	0.23
 Marketing cost 	14	2.3	1.97	14,036	0.05
 Maintenance 	388	64.7	27.53	7,094	0.67
 Advertisements 	136	22.7	2.19	1,612	0.05
 Interest paid on loans 	526	87.7	33.60	6,387	0.81
 Depreciation 	386	64.3	54.46	14,109	1.32
• Taxes	100	16.7	7.94	7,945	0.19
 Payments 	31	5.2	2.44	7,871	0.06
 Insurance 	49	8.2	6.83	13,939	0.17
 Others 	29	4.8	4.82	16,638	0.12
Total	600	100.0	3,988.44	664,740	100.00



* Working capital is the money that allows an enterprise to functioning by providing cash to keep its day 14 to day operations running; ** Rs. in lakhs

WORKING CAPITAL PER ANNUM

Rs. 39.88 crores is the total annual working capital of 600 enterprises with an average of Rs. 6.66 lakh per enterprise

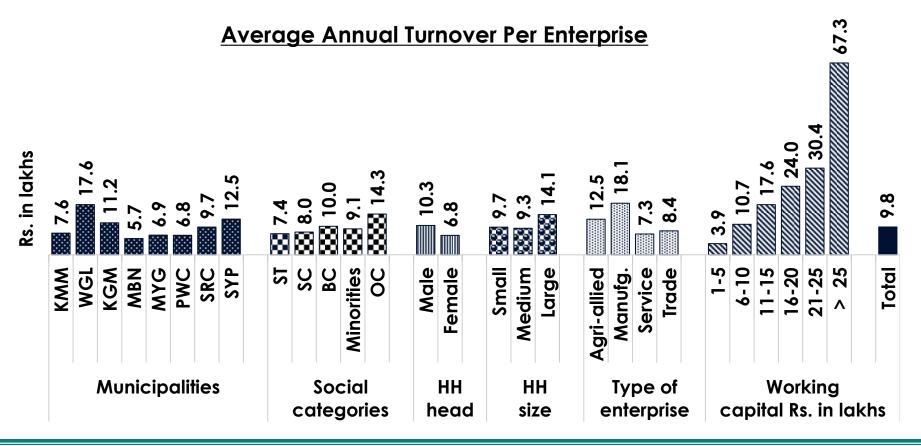




KMM-Khammam; WGL-Warangal; KGM-Kothagudem; MBN-Mahabubnagar; PWC-Palwancha; SRC-Siricilld; 5 SYP-Suryapet; ST-Scheduled Tribe; SC-Scheduled Caste; BC-Backward Classes; OC-other categories

TURNOVER PER ANNUM*

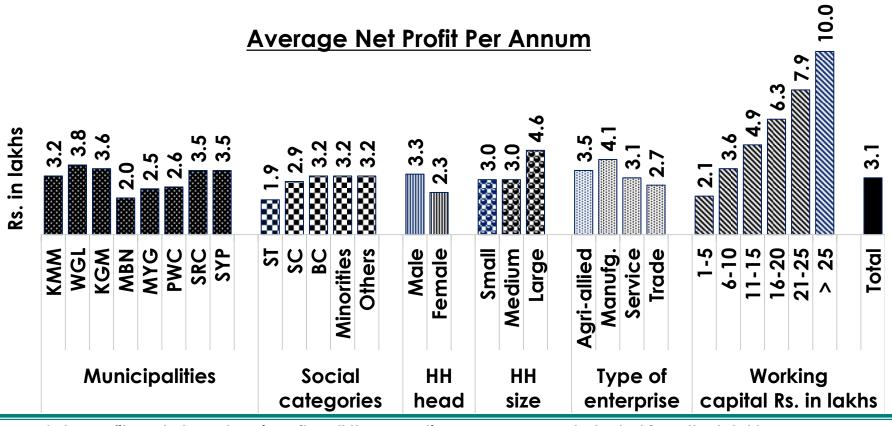
- Rs. 58.58 crores is the annual turnover of 600 enterprises
- Nearly 50% of enterprises have < Rs. 5 lakhs of TO pa



* Turnover is the value of goods and services sold in an enterprise over a period of time TO pa- Turnover per annum

NET PROFIT PER ANNUM*

- Rs. 18.69 crores is the annual turnover of 600 enterprises
- Nearly 50% of enterprises have < Rs. 2 lakhs of NP pa



* The profit made by enterprise after all the operating expenses are deducted from the total turnover 17 in a year; N-Number of cases; WC-Working Capital; TO-Turnover; NP-Net profit; HH-Household

NET PROFIT PER ANNUM

Popular Enterprises vs. Net Profit Per Annum						
Name of	Enterprises		Avg. Amount Rs. in lakhs			
enterprise	Ν	%	WC	TO	NP	
Tailoring	51	8.5	<u>0.92</u>	2.51	1.60	
 Cloth business 	48	8.0	4.25	6.54	2.29	
 Kirana shop 	41	6.8	3.67	5.68	2.00	
 Auto/taxi 	35	5.8	2.00	4.19	2.19	
 Food processing 	29	4.8	<u>9.96</u>	<u>14.25</u>	<u>4.29</u>	
• Dairy	24	4.0	4.26	6.00	1.74	
 Veg. & fruit vending 	21	3.5	9.59	12.93	3.34	
 Mutton/chicken shop 	20	3.3	14.94	18.99	4.05	
 Food vending 	19	3.2	4.17	6.86	2.69	
 Fancy shop 	18	3.0	2.36	3.90	1.54	
• Hotel	16	2.7	<u>9.68</u>	<u>13.87</u>	<u>4.19</u>	
 Welding shop 	13	2.2	<u>7.90</u>	<u>10.67</u>	<u>2.76</u>	
Push cart vender	11	1.8	3.38	5.06	1.68	

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N- Number of cases; WC-Working Capital; TO-Turnover; NP-Net Profit

GOODS & SERVICES HAVING DEMAND*

• Goods

 Vegetable & fruit shop; kirana shop; mutton/chicken shop; bakery; milk & milk products; rice business; ladies corner; RO water plant; cloth business; juice center; electrical shop; stationary shop; sweets shop; tailoring material; welding shop current point; cement/sanitary ware

Services

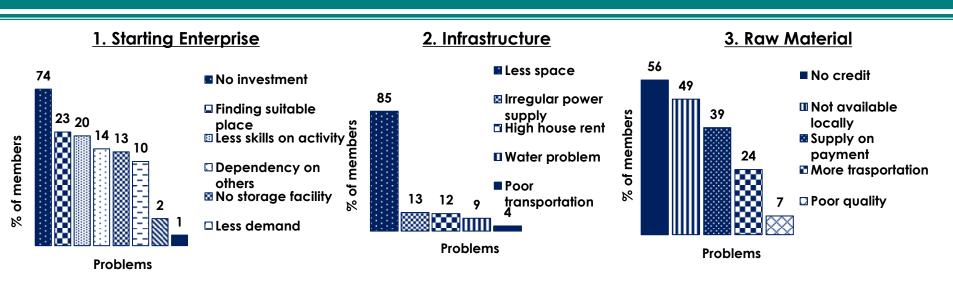
 Internet/xerox center; medical shop; e-seva / meeseva; hotel / tea stall; mobile repair shops; fast food center; hair cutting saloon; tutorial center; laundry services; flour mill; auto mobile repair; leather works; beauty parlour; tent house; plumber; business correspondent; gas repair center; printing press; computer training center



CHANGES EXPERIENCED IN THE ACTIVITY

- <u>Demand</u> Demand has increased; more sale/turnover and stable income; another unit started
- <u>Capital</u> Working capital has increased ; stock increased
- <u>Skill up-gradation</u>- Gained experience in managing the activity; acquainted with new technologies & designs; reduced dependency on others
- <u>Marketing</u> Increased linkages with stakeholders; more no. of products; competition between shop keepers; customers habituated; knowledge on material sources; gained publicity
- <u>Infrastructure</u> New machinery purchased; more mechanization; set up own shop
- Employment Employment to the household members
- Other debt burden decreased

PROBLEMS IN MANAGING ENTERPRISES



4. Accessing Credit

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MEPMA-Mission for Elimination of Poverty in Municipal Areas; SN-Stree Nidhi

21

6. Marketing

LENDING NORMS OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

=	SHGs to	External agencies to SHGs				
Norms		members	SLF	Bank	Stree Nidhi	
•	Loan term	6 to 36 months	6 to 12 months	12-36 months	12-24 months	
•	Loan volume	Rs. 500 to Rs. 1 lakh	Rs. 20,000 to Rs. 2 lakh	Rs. 50,000 to Rs. 5 lakh	Rs. 50,000 to Rs. 2.5 lakh	
•	Purposes	C/SN/IGA	IGA/SN	IGA	IGA	
•	Type of lending	NB 1-5 members	NB 2-5 members	Equal distribution	NB 4-6 members	
•	Inst. freq.	1-12 months	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	
•	RI pm	Re.1 to Rs. 2	Re. 1 to Rs. 2	Re. 1 to Rs. 1.20	Rs. 1.05	
•	Mode of repayment	Both P & I I compulsory	Both P & I	Both P & I	Both P & I	
•	Collateral	promissory note	Savings & share capital	Inter-say agreement	Inter-say- agreement	



SLF-Slum Level Federation; C-Consumption; SN-Social Needs; IGA-Income Generation Activities; NB-Need based; Inst. Freq.-Installment frequency; RI-Rate of Interest; pm- Per month; P-Principle; I-Interest

PROBLEMS IN LIVELIHOOD FINANCING

- Self help groups
 - No internal lending with own funds (53% of SHGs)
 - Defaulting multiple reasons; burden on regular members
- Slum level federations
 - Loans are mostly to leaders
 - Dominance of RPs and Staff at SLF & TLF levels
 - Irregular meetings and poor member attendance
- Banks
 - Delay in credit linkage with banks multiple reasons
 - Small volume of loan; loan volume is not based on MCP
 - Insisting for fixed and / recurrent deposits
 - Delay in getting reimbursement of interest on loans
 - Delay in transferring amount from loan a/c to savings a/c
- Stree Nidhi
 - Delay in transferring the loan to member at SHG level
 - Unavailability of office bearers and project staff

CONCLUSIONS...

- The urban SHG households engaged in a wide range of multiple activities; the households have savings & debts with multiple agencies; mostly indebted to SHGs
- Trade and service based activities are predominant. The SHG entrepreneurs considered many aspects while starting the activities
- Both existing and new activities were taken up equally, and are mostly perennial. Employment mostly to the self & household members; for other to a little extent
- Own fund is the major initial investment, and it has been depended on nature of enterprise and socio-economic conditions of the entrepreneurs



CONCLUSIONS

- Material cost is the major of all working costs, and the working cost depends on the nature of activity
- Most activities are micro enterprises in terms of their annual turnover, and it is varying among the activities
- Earned significant amount of profit per annum. But there is a wide range in it across types of enterprises
- The entrepreneurs have been facing multiple problems at all stages in managing enterprises
- The quality of SHG credit linked to Stree Nidhi is good
- There are multiple issues in financing SHGs for livelihoods at SHG, SLF, bank and Stree Nidhi levels



RECOMMENDATIONS...

- Provide loan to those activities identified as feasible and viable enterprises
- Loan size should be increased up to Rs.5 lakh per SHG and loan from 5 to 8 members in a group
- Organize skill up-gradation trainings & exposure visits to the SHG entrepreneurs
- Expand Stree Nidhi operations to GHMC area where the enterprise promotion opportunities are more
- Preference to SHG entrepreneurs in allotting space on nominal rent in govt. commercial complexes

GHMC-Greater Hyderabad Municipal Corporation



RECOMMENDATIONS

- Market linkages & linkage with govt. initiatives
- Provide identity cards to street venders
- Link life & asset insurance with loan sanctioning
- Capacity building to SHGs, SLFs and TLFs
- Encourage internal lending with SHG own funds
- SLFs and TLFs should focus more on livelihood / enterprise promotional activities
- Trainings and exposure visits to SHG entrepreneurs, SLF & TLF office bearers and bankers on SHGBLP



Open for Discussion & Thank You